SECTION COOLING SYSTEM C

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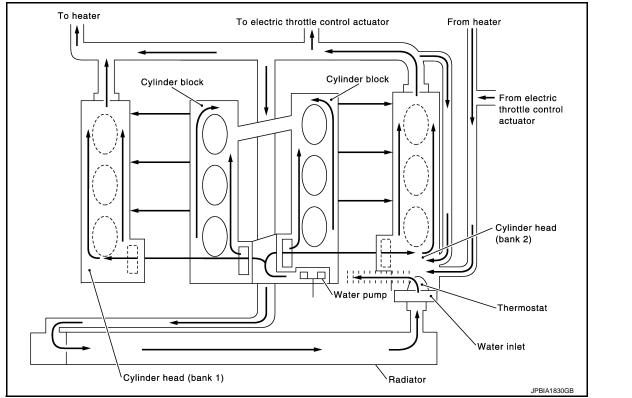
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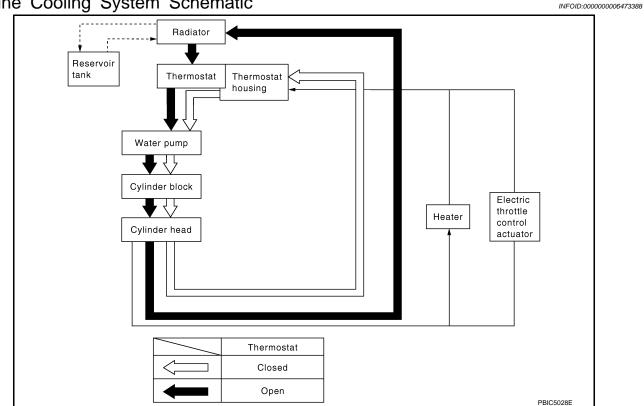
DESCRIPTION

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION > SYSTEM DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION

Engine Cooling System



Engine Cooling System Schematic



SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

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	Sym	ptom	Chec	ck items
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
	Poor heat transfer	Thermostat stuck closed		-
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	_
			Physical damage	-
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	-
		Cooling fan does not oper- ate		_
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rota- tion	Fan assembly	
		Damaged fan blades		
Cooling sys- tem parts	Damaged radiator shroud	—		—
	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	_	_	_
	Poor engine coolant quality	—	Engine coolant density	—
	Insufficient engine coolant	Engine coolant leakage	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
			Cooling hose	Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
			Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterio- ration or improper fitting
				Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Exhaust gas leakage into	Cylinder head deterioration
	Overflowing reservoir tank		cooling system	Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

	Sym	ptom	Checl	k items
	Except cool- ing system	Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for ex- tended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunc- tion	
Except cool- ing system parts mal-			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
			Dragging brakes	-
function			Improper ignition timing	
		Blocked bumper	_	
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	*
	Blocked or restricted air flow		Mud contamination or paper clogging	
		Blocked radiator	—	*
		Blocked condenser	Blocked air flow]
		Installed large fog lamp		

< PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Service Procedure Precautions for Models with a Pop-up Roll Bar

WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- Risk of passenger injury or death may increase if the pop-up roll bar does not deploy during a roll over collision. In order to reduce the chance of an incident where the pop-up roll bar is inoperative, all maintenance must be performed by a NISSAN or INFINITI dealer.
- Before removing and installing the pop-up roll bar component parts and harness, always turn the ignition switch OFF, disconnect the battery negative terminal, and wait for 3 minutes or more. (The purpose of this operation is to discharge electricity that is accumulated in the auxiliary power supply circuit in the air bag diagnosis sensor unit.)
- When repairing, removing, and installing a pop-up roll bar, always refer to SRS AIR BAG and SRS AIR BAG CONTROL warnings in the Service Manual.

Precaution for Battery Service

Before disconnecting the battery, lower both the driver and passenger windows. This will prevent any interference between the window edge and the vehicle when the door is opened/closed. During normal operation, the window slightly raises and lowers automatically to prevent any window to vehicle interference. The automatic window function will not work with the battery disconnected.

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< PREPARATION >

PREPARATION

PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name		Description
Power tool	PBICO190E	Loosening nuts and bolts
Radiator cap tester	PBIC1982E	Checking radiator and radiator cap
Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and water outlet (front) filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ENGINE COOLANT

Inspection

LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank engine coolant level is within the "MIN" to "MAX" when the engine is cool.
 - A : MAX
 - B : MIN
- Adjust the engine coolant level if necessary.
 CAUTION:

Refill Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant (blue) or equivalent in its quality mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to <u>MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"</u>.

• Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

LEAKAGE

• To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system with the radiator cap tester and radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A).

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-26, "Radiator".

WARNING:

Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from water inlet (front).

CAUTION:

Higher test pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

NOTE:

In a case that engine coolant decreases, replenish radiator with engine coolant.

• If anything is found, repair or replace damaged parts.

Draining

WARNING:

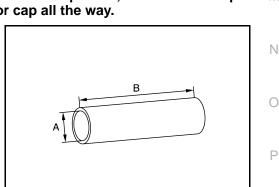
- To avoid being scalded, never change engine coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around radiator cap and carefully remove radiator cap. First, turn radiator cap a M quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Then turn radiator cap all the way.
- 1. Connect drain hose.

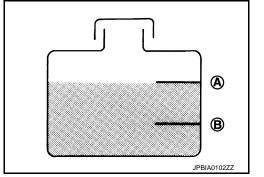
NOTE:

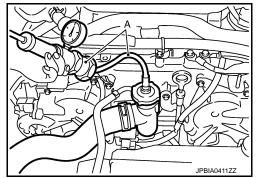
Use a general-purpose hose with the dimmensions shown in the figure.

A : \phi 15 - 16 mm (0.59 - 0.63 in)

B : 145 mm (5.71 in)







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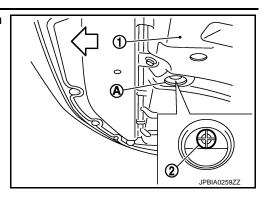
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ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- 2. Open radiator drain plug (2) at the bottom of radiator, and then remove radiator cap.
 - 1 : Engine under cover
 - A : Radiator drain plug hole



When draining all of engine coolant in the system, open water drain plugs on cylinder block. Refer to <u>EM-73, "Setting"</u>.

- 3. Remove reservoir tank if necessary, and drain engine coolant and clean reservoir tank before installing.
- 4. Check drained engine coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration. If contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Refer to <u>CO-9</u>, "Flushing".
- 5. Disconnect drain hose.

Refilling

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CAUTION:

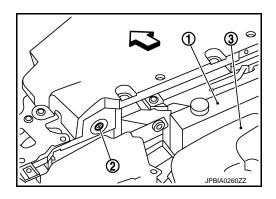
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Do not put additive such as waterleak preventive, since it may cause cooling waterway clogging.
- When refilling use Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant (blue) or equivalent in its quality mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to <u>MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"</u>.
- 1. Remove air cleaner case (LH). Refer to EM-27. "Exploded View".
- 2. Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug. CAUTION:

Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".

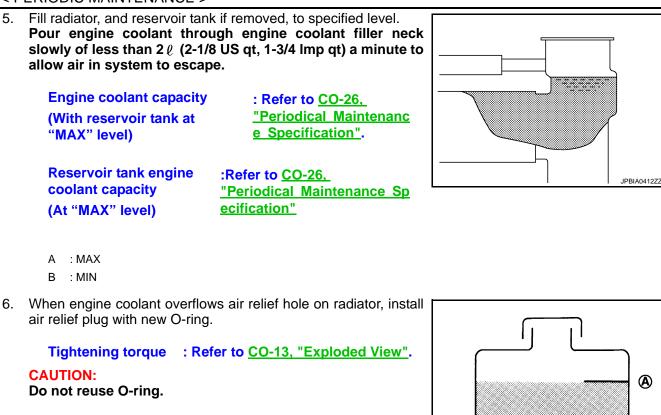
If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to <u>EM-112, "Disassembly and Assembly"</u>.

- 3. Check that each hose clamp has been firmly tightened.
- 4. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator left side.
 - 1 : Reservoir tank
 - 3 : Engine cover



ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >



- JPBIA0102ZZ Repeat step 5. 8. Install air cleaner case (LH). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View". 9. Install radiator cap. 10. Warm up engine until opening thermostat. Standard for warming-up time is approximately 10 minutes at Κ 3,000 rpm. Check thermostat opening condition by touching radiator hose (lower) to see a flow of warm water. CAUTION: L Watch water temperature gauge so as not to overheat engine. 11. Stop the engine and cool down to less than approximately 50°C (122°F). Cool down using fan to reduce the time. If necessary, refill radiator up to filler neck with engine coolant. M 12. Refill reservoir tank to "MAX" level line with engine coolant. 13. Repeat steps 9 through 12 two or more times with radiator cap installed until engine coolant level no longer drops. Ν Check cooling system for leakage with engine running. 15. Warm up the engine, and check for sound of engine coolant flow while running engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm with heater temperature controller set at several position between "COOL" and "WARM". Sound may be noticeable at heater unit. Repeat step 15 three times. Ρ 17. If sound is heard, bleed air from cooling system by repeating step 5, and steps from 9 to 16 until engine coolant level no longer drops. Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened. Flushing
- 1. Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug. CAUTION:

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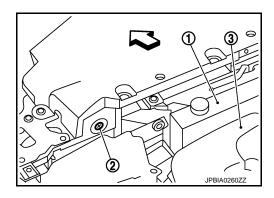
< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".

If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to <u>EM-112, "Disassembly and Assembly"</u>.

- 2. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator.
 - 1 : Reservoir tank
 - 3 : Engine cover



3. Fill radiator with water until water spills from the air relief hole, then close air relief plug. Fill radiator and reservoir tank with water and reinstall radiator cap.

Tightening torque : Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".

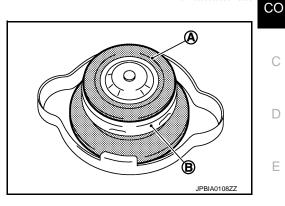
- 4. Run the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.
- 6. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 7. Drain water from the system. Refer to CO-7, "Draining".
- 8. Repeat steps 1 through 8 until clear water begins to drain from radiator.
- 9. Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

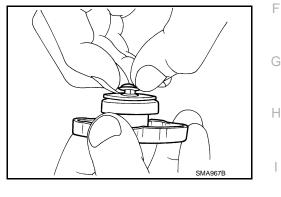
< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

RADIATOR RADIATOR CAP

RADIATOR CAP : Inspection

- Check valve seat (A) of radiator cap.
 - B : Metal plunger
- Check if valve seat is swollen to the extent that the edge of the plunger cannot be seen when watching it vertically from the top.
- Check if valve seat has no soil and damage.
- Pull negative-pressure valve to open it, and check that it close completely when released.
- Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
- Check that there are no unusualness in the opening and closing conditions of negative-pressure valve.

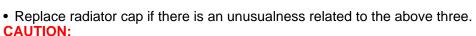




Check radiator cap relief pressure.

Standard and limit : Refer to CO-26, "Radiator".

- When connecting radiator cap to the radiator cap tester and the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A), apply engine coolant to the cap seal surface.



When installing radiator cap, thoroughly wipe out the water outlet (front) filler neck to remove any Ν waxy residue or foreign material. RADIATOR

RADIATOR : Inspection

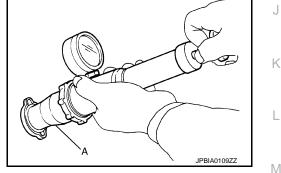
Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows:

- Be careful not to bend or damage radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as radiator cooling fan assembly and horns. Then tape harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.
- 2. Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- 3. Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from radiator.
- Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward. 4.

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CO-11

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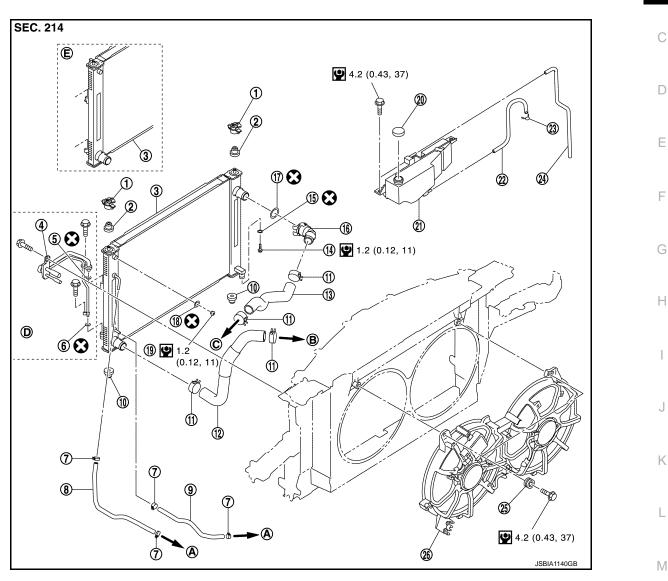
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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION** RADIATOR

Exploded View



- Upper mount bracket 1.
- Condenser pipe assembly 4.
- 7. Clamp
- 10. Mounting rubber (lower)
- Radiator hose (upper) 13.
- 16. Radiator water inlet pipe
- 19. Air relief plug
- 22. Reservoir tank hose
- 25. Grommet
- To transmission Α.
- Refer to HA-45 D.

- Mounting rubber (upper) 2.
- 5. O-ring
- 8. A/T fluid cooler hose (A/T models)
- Clamp 11.
- Drain plug 14.
- 17. O-ring
- 20. Reservoir tank cap

M/T models

23. Clamp

Ε.

- 26. Radiator cooling fan assembly
- В. To water inlet and thermostat assembly C. To water outlet

- 3. Radiator & condenser assembly
- 6. O-ring
- Ν A/T fluid cooler hose (A/T models) 9.
- Radiator hose (lower) 12.
- O-ring 15.
- 18. O-ring
- Reservoir tank 21.
- 24. Reservoir tank hose

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

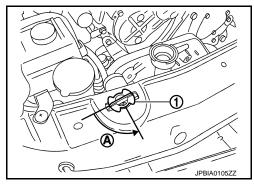
WARNING:

Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from water inlet (front). Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

- 1. Remove the following parts:
 - Engine under cover with power tool.
 - Engine cover: Refer to EM-25. "Exploded View".
 - Air cleaner case (RH and LH): Refer to <u>EM-27, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Radiator core support ornament, hood lock stay: Refer to <u>DLK-260, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Horn: Refer to <u>HRN-6, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Hood lock: Refer to DLK-257, "HOOD LOCK CONTROL : Exploded View".
- 2. Remove condenser pipe assembly. Refer to .<u>HA-45, "Exploded View"</u>
- 3. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-7, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 4. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".
- 5. Disconnect A/T fluid cooler hoses from radiator. (A/T models)Install blind plug to avoid leakage of A/T fluid.
- 6. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower) and reservoir tank hose. CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow engine coolant to contact drive belt.

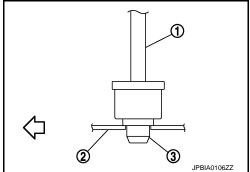
- Remove cooling fan assembly. Refer to <u>CO-17, "Exploded View"</u>. CAUTION: Never damage or scratch radiator & condenser assembly core when removing.
- 8. Rotate two radiator upper mount brackets 90 degrees in direction as shown in the figure, and remove them.
 - 1 : Radiator upper mount bracket
 - A : Turn 90° counterclockwise



9. Remove radiator & condenser assembly as follows: CAUTION:

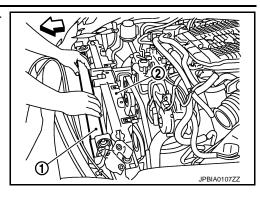
Be careful not to damage radiator & condenser assembly core.

a. Lift up and pull the radiator & condenser assembly (1) forward, and then remove the mounting rubber (lower) (3) from the radiator core support (2).



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- b. Remove radiator & condenser assembly (1) from front of radiator core support (2).
 - : Vehicle front



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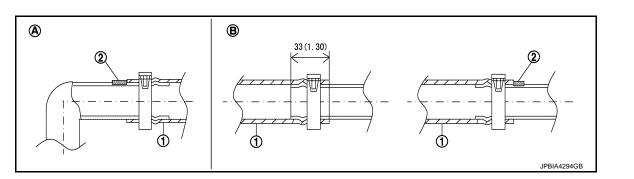
INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Replace water hose clamp if it is removed.
- Use genuine mounting bolts for the cooling fan assembly and strictly observe the tightening torque. (Breakage prevention for radiator)

NOTE:

Insert the radiator hose (1) all the way to the stopper (2) or by 33 mm (1.30 in) (hose without a stopper).



Unit mm (in)

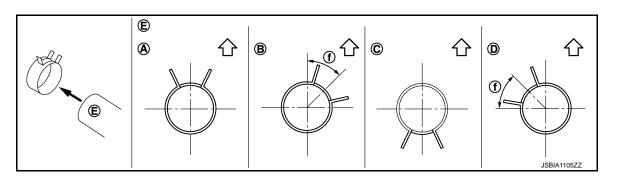
A. Radiator side

B. Engine side

For the orientation of the hose clamp pawl, refer to the figure.

Radiator hose	Hose end	Paint mark	Position of hose clamp*	
Padiator base (upper)	Radiator side	Upper	А	_
Radiator hose (upper)	Engine side	Upper	В	
Redictor base (lower)	Radiator side	Lower	С	
Radiator hose (lower)	Engine side	Right side	D	

*Refer to the illustrations for the specific position each hose clamp tab.



E. View E

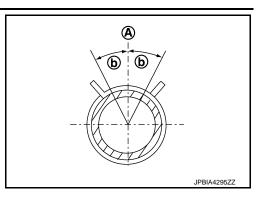
Vehicle upper

45° f.

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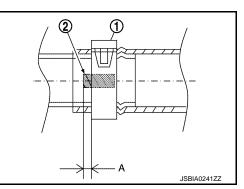
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- The angle (b) created by the hose clamp pawl and the specified line (A) must be within $\pm 30^\circ$ as shown in the figure.



• To install hose clamps (1), check that the dimension (A) from the end of the paint mark (2) on the radiator hose to the hose clamp is within the reference value.

Dimension "A" : (-1) - (+1) mm (-0.04) - (+0.04) in



Inspection

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INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-7</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant and A/T fluid (A/T models).

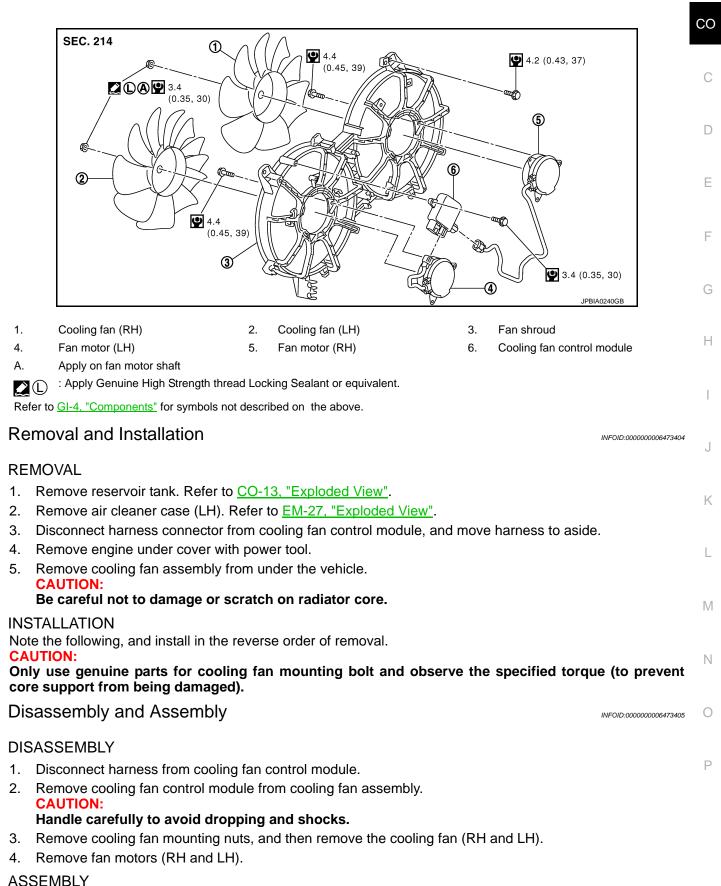
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

COOLING FAN

Exploded View

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COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Note the following, and assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

RH and LH cooling fans are different. Be careful not to misassemble them.

• Install each fan in the following position.

Right side: 9 bladesLeft side: 11 blades

• Secure the harness tightly to the fan shroud to prevent the fan rotation area from being loose.

Inspection

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INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check that fan motors operate normally. **NOTE:**

Cooling fans are controlled by cooling fan control module. For details, refer to EC-84. "System Diagram".

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cooling Fan

Inspect cooling fan for crack or unusual bend.

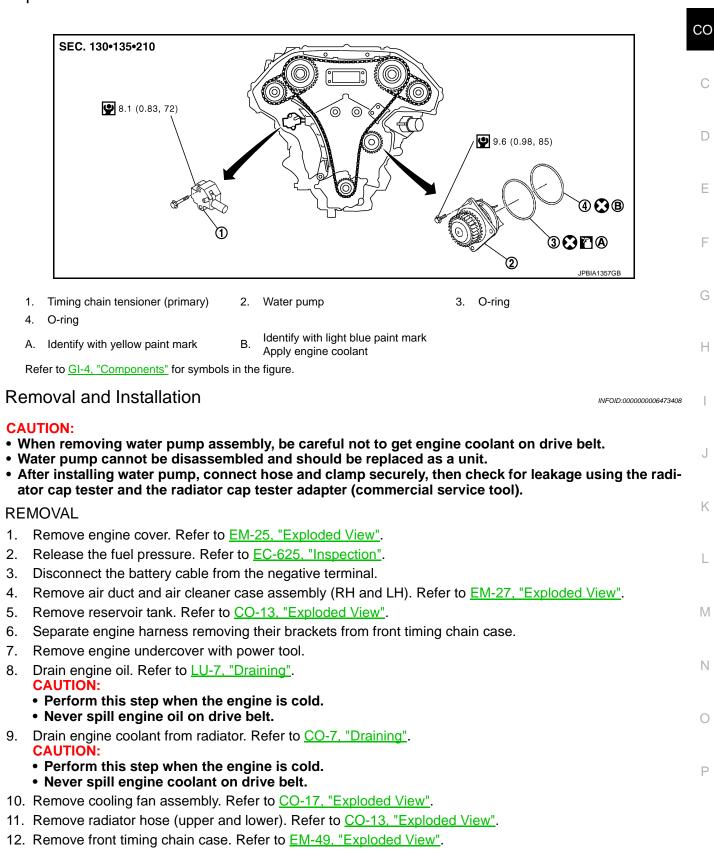
• If anything is found, replace cooling fan.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > WATER PUMP

Exploded View

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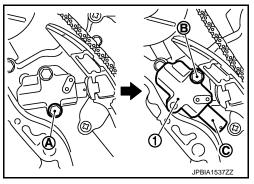
WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 13. Remove timing chain tensioner (primary) (1) as follows:
- a. Remove lower mounting bolt (A).
- b. Loosen upper mounting bolt (B) slowly, and then turn chain tensioner (primary) on the upper mounting bolt so that plunger (C) is fully expanded.

NÓTE:

Even if plunger is fully expanded, it is not dropped from the body of timing chain tensioner (primary).



- c. Remove upper mounting bolt, and then remove timing chain tensioner (primary).
- 14. Remove water pump as follows:
- a. Remove three water pump mounting bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft counterclockwise until timing chain looseness on water pump sprocket becomes maximum.
- b. Screw M8 bolts (A) [pitch: 1.25 mm (0.049 in) length: approximately. 50 mm (1.97 in)] into water pumps upper and lower mounting bolt holes until they reach timing chain case. Then, alternately tighten each bolt for a half turn, and pull out water pump (1).

CAUTION:

- Pull straight out while preventing vane from contacting socket in installation area.
- Remove water pump without causing sprocket to contact timing chain.
- c. Remove M8 bolts and O-rings from water pump.

Never disassemble water pump.

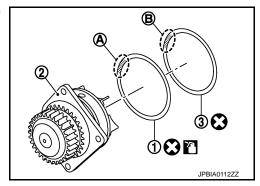
INSTALLATION CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-rings.

1. Install new O-rings to water pump. CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-rings.

- Apply engine oil to O-ring (1) and engine coolant to O-ring (3) as shown in the figure.
 - 2 : Water pump
- Locate O-ring with yellow paint mark (A) to front side.
- Locate O-ring with light blue paint mark (B) to rear side.

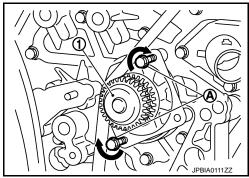


2. Install water pump.

CAUTION:

Never allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing water pump.

- Check timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- Insert water pump by tightening mounting bolts alternately and evenly.
- 3. Install timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:
- a. Turn crankshaft clockwise so that timing chain on the timing chain tensioner (primary) side is loose.



WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

b. Pull plunger stopper tab (A) up (or turn lever downward) so as to remove plunger stopper tab from the ratchet of plunger (D).
 NOTE:

Plunger stopper tab and lever (C) are synchronized.

- c. Push plunger into the inside of tensioner body.
- d. Hold plunger in the fully compressed position by engaging plunger stopper tab with the tip of ratchet.
- e. To secure lever, insert stopper pin (E) through hole of lever into tensioner body hole (B).
 - The lever parts and the tab are synchronized. Therefore, the plunger will be secured under this condition.
 NOTE:

Figure shows the example of 1.2 mm (0.047 in) diameter thin screwdriver being used as the stopper pin. Install timing chain tensioner (primary).

- Remove dust and foreign material completely from backside of timing chain tensioner (primary) and from installation area of rear timing chain case.
- g. Remove stopper pin.
- h. Check again that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal for remaining parts.
 - After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of chain tensioner. Engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.

Inspection

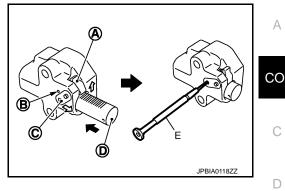
f.

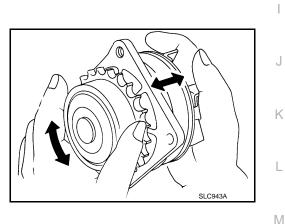
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- · Check for badly rusted or corroded water pump body assembly.
- Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.
- If anything is found, replace water pump.



- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-7</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant.





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WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

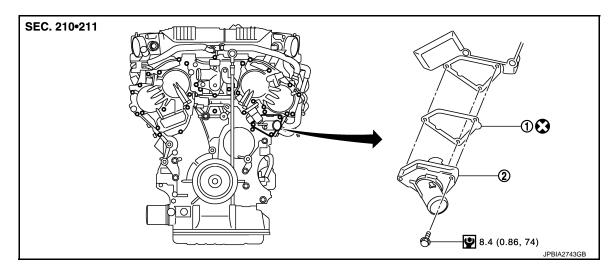
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

Exploded View

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 1. Gasket
 2. Water inlet and thermostat assembly

 Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

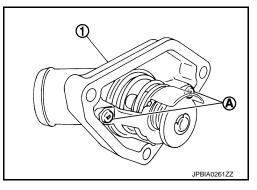
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-25, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (LH). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove engine undercover with power tool.
- Drain engine coolant from radiator drain plug at the bottom of radiator. Refer to <u>CO-7, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 6. Disconnect radiator hose (lower).
- 7. Disconnect intake valve timing control valve harness connector (LH), and remove intake valve timing control solenoid.
- 8. Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly (1).

A : Do not loosen these screw.

CAUTION:

Never disassemble water inlet and thermostat assembly. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.



INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

• Be careful not to spill engine coolant over engine room. Use rag to absorb engine coolant.

Inspection

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INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

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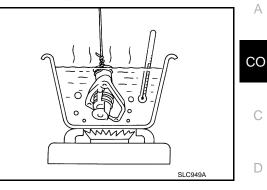
WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 1. Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
- 2. Check valve operation.

Thermostat (Standard) : Refer to CO-26, "Thermostat".

• If the malfunctioning condition, when valve seating at ordinary room temperature, or measured values are out of the standard, replace water inlet and thermostat assembly.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

• Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

•	Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.	
•	Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter and the radiator cap tester (com-	
	mercial service tool). Refer to <u>CO-7, "Inspection"</u> .	

• Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant.



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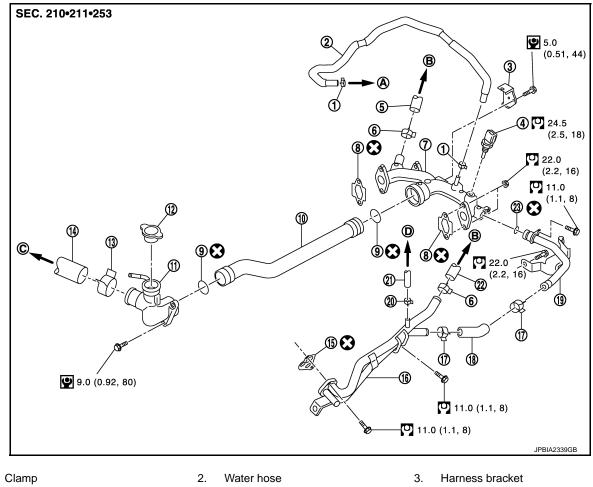
WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View

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- 1.
- 4. Engine coolant temperature sensor 5.
- 7. Water outlet (rear)
- 10. Water outlet pipe
- 13. Clamp
- 16. Heater pipe
- 19. Water bypass pipe
- 22. Heater hose
- Α. To EVAP piping
- D. To electric throttle control actuator

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-25, "Exploded View". 1.
- Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View". 2.
- Remove oil level gauge and guide. Refer to EM-43, "Exploded View". 3.
- Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (RH and LH). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View". 4.
- Remove engine undercover with power tool. 5.
- 6. Drain engine coolant from radiator drain plug at the bottom of radiator. Refer to CO-7. "Draining". **CAUTION:**

- Heater hose
- 8. Gasket
- 11. Water outlet (front)
- 14. Radiator hose (upper)
- 17. Clamp
- 20. Clamp
- 23. O-ring
- Β. To heater core

- 6. Clamp
- 9. O-ring
- 12. Radiator cap
- 15. Gasket
- 18. Water hose
- 21. Water hose
- C. To radiator

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Revision: 2011 December

CO-24

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WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > Perform this step when the engine is cold. · Never spill engine coolant on drive belts. А 7. Remove radiator hose (upper) and heater hose. 8. Separate engine harness removing their bracket from water outlet (rear). CO 9. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor if necessary. **CAUTION:** Be careful not to damage engine coolant temperature sensor. 10. Remove heater pipe, water bypass pipe and water outlet pipe. 11. Remove water outlet (rear) if necessary. NOTE: Removing engine assembly is required. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View". D INSTALLATION Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal. Е CAUTION: Do not reuse O-rings. Securely insert each hose, and install clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge. When inserting water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe into water outlet, apply neutral detergent to O-ring. F CAUTION: Never allow water outlet (rear) to nip O-rings when installing water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe. Inspection INFOID:000000006473415 INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened. Н • Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to CO-7, "Inspection". Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant. Κ L Μ Ν

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Periodical Maintenance Specification

INFOID:000000006473416

ENGINE COOLANT CAPACITY (APPROXIMATE)

Unit: ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)

Engine coolant capacity [With reservoir tank ("MAX" level)]	A/T models	8.5 (9, 7-1/2)
	M/T models	8.6 (9-1/8, 7-5/8)
Reservoir tank engine coolant capacity (At "MAX" level)		0.8 (7/8, 3/4)

Radiator

INFOID:000000006473417

Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)

Cap relief pressure	Standard Limit	122.3 - 151.7 (1.2 - 1.5, 18 - 22)
Cap relier pressure		107 (1.1, 16)
Leakage testing pressure		157 (1.6, 23)

Thermostat

Thermostat	Standard		
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)		
Maximum valve lift	8.6 mm/95°C (0.339 in/203°F)		
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)		